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\*\*\*WIPO/PCT Patents Fulltext (File 349)

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03oct00 02:55:54 User371740 Session D2251.1 \$0.00 0.174 DialUnits FileHomeBase

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\$0.00 Estimated cost this search

\$0.00 Estimated total session cost 0.174 DialUnits

File 352:Derwent WPI 1963-2000/UD,UM &UP=200047

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Set Items Description

?SS PN=JP 81010037

S1 ?T S1/7/ALL 1 PN=JP 81010037

DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI

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003164062

WPI Acc No: 1981-24603D/198114

L-Threonine prepn. by fermentation - of diaminopimelic acid and methionine requiring escherichia which is resistant to feed-back

inhibition of threonine

Patent Assignee: KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK (KYOW )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week JP 81010037 B 19810305 198114 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 6961000 A 19690804

Abstract (Basic): JP 81010037 B

A microorganism belonging to the genus Escherichia which requires diaminopimelic acid and methionine and is resistant to feed-back inhibition of threonine is cultured on a nutrient culture medium contg. diaminopimelic acid and methionine, L- threonine is accumulated in the culture medium, and is then recovered.

Examples of the microorganism usable in this method include Escherichia coli KY 8306 ATCC 21530. The ingredients in the culture medium are conventional ones for fermentation of amino acid. Cultivation is conducted at 20 to 40 deg.C under agitation or other aerobic conditions for 1 to 5 days. The culture medium is adjusted to pH 2 with hydrochloric acid, adsorbed on strong acid type cation exchange resin, eluted with ammonium soln, concd. and cooled.  $(J4406\bar{1}000)$ Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E16 International Patent Class (Additional): C12P-013/08 ?SS PN=JP 81134993 S2 0 PN=JP 81134993 ?SS PN=JP 56134993 PN=JP 56134993 S3/7/ALL 3/7/1 DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI (c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv. 003211789 WPI Acc No: 1981-72344D/198140 Fermentative prodn. of L-threonine - from methionine metabolism-antagonist resistant mutant of Serratia marcescens Patent Assignee: TANABE SEIYAKU CO (TANA Inventor: CHIBATA I; KISUMI M; KOMATSUBAR S; MURATA K Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 007 Patent Family: Kind Patent No Date Applicat No. Kind Week Date GB 2072185 19810930 198140 Α GB 818731 Α 19810320 JP 56134993 19811022 JP 8636777 Α 198149 Α 19860321 DE 3110789 DE 3110789 Α 19810319 198204 Α 19820121 GB 2072185 US 4463094 19840328 В 198413 19840731 Ā US 81244348 19810317 198433 JP 87036674 DE 3110789 19870807 В 198735 C 19880114 198802 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 8036777 A 19800321; DE 3110789 A 19810319; JP 8636777 A 19860321 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes GB 2072185 Α Abstract (Basic): GB 2072185 A L-Thronine is prepd. by cultivating in a suitable broth or methionine metabolism-antagonist resistant mutant of Serratia marcescens having L-threonine productivity. Mutants may be obtained by inducing mutation in suitable parent strains such as S. marcescens D-60, HNr53, AECr301 and T-570. A representative mutant to be used in the present process is S. marcescens Sr41-P-103(FERM-P No.5413,ATCCN No.31809), obtained from AEG301 and resistant to ethionine. Cultivation may effected at pH 6-8 and temp. 25-37 deg.C for 2-6 days, under good conditions for supplying oxygen. An improved method for the prepn. of L-threonine is provided,

yields being better than in known similar methods.

International Patent Class (Additional): CO7C-101/30; C12N-001/20;

Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E16

?T S4/7/ALL

C12N-015/00; C12P-013/08; C12R-001/43

1 PN=JP 62044193

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DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
007066276
WPI Acc No: 1987-066273/198710
  High yield prodn. of 1-threonine - comprises cultivation of appropriate
  Providencia or Escherichia strains resistant to isoleucine antagonist, in
  culture medium
Patent Assignee: TORAY IND INC (TORA
Inventor: SHIRAI M; TAKECUHI M; TSUTSUI H; YAMADA K; YOTSUMOTO K; TAKEUCHI
Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 008
Patent Family:
Patent No
              Kind
                              Applicat No
                     Date
                                              Kind
                                                     Date
                                                              Week
EP 213536
                                                   19860819
                   19870311
                              EP 86111424
               Α
                                              Α
                                                             198710
JP 62044193
               Α
                    19870226
                              JP 85183925
                                              Α
                                                   19850823
                                                             198714
JP 62198396
                              JP 8642581
               Α
                    19870902
                                              Α
                                                   19860227
                                                             198741
JP 91013875
               В
                              JP 85183925
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                                                             199112
EP 213536
               B
                              EP_86111424
                    19920318
                                              Α
                                                   19860819
                                                             199212
DE 3684383
               G
                    19920423
                                                             199218
JP 92068916
               В
                   19921104
                              JP 8642581
                                              Α
                                                   19860227
                                                             199248
US 5264353
               Α
                   19931123
                              US 86897528
                                              Α
                                                   19860818
                                                             199348
                              US 91652455
                                              A
                                                   19910207
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 8642581 A 19860227; JP 85183925 A
  19850823
Cited Patents: 3.Jnl.Ref; A3...8812; DE 2044907; JP 48077090; JP 6804440;
  No-SR.Pub; US 3375173; JP 73077090
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
EP 213536
              A E 13
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT
EP 213536
              В
                    15
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT
JP 92068916
                     4 C12P-013/08
              В
                                      Based on patent JP 62198396
US 5264353
                     7 C12P-013/08
              Α
                                      Cont of application US 86897528
Abstract (Basic): EP 213536 A
        Prodn. of L-threonine (I) comprises (a) cultivating a (I) producing
    strain of Providencia or Eschevichia, each having resistance to an
    isoleucine antagonist (II), in a culture medium; and (b) recovering the
    accumulated (I) from the medium.
         (II) is esp. thiaisoleucine. With Providencia strains a resistance
    to an aspartic acid antagonist is pref., e.g. to aspartic acid
    hydroxamate. It may also have resistance to
    alpha-amino-beta-hydroxyvaleric acid and L-ethionine and have an
    auxotroph, including leaky type, for L-isoleucine, and it requires
    L-isoleucine for growth. With Escherichia strains, L-methionine and
    L-valine may be required for growth, and the strains are sensitive to
    borrelidin. Typical strains that may be used include Providencia
    rettgeri TP6-28, AXR 2G-10 and TP7-55 and E.coli M-5. These are mutants
    obtd. from e.g. Providencia rettgeri ATCC 21118 and E.coli ATCC 21248.
         USE/ADVANTAGE - (I) is formed in much higher accumulated amounts
and yields than in prior fermentation processes. Abstract (Equivalent): EP 213536 B
        A process for producing L-threonine by fermentation which comprises
    the steps of (a) culturing an L-threonine producing microorganism
   belonging to the genus Providencia or the genus Escherichia until
   L-threonine is accumulated in a culture broth, said microorganisms
   having a resistance to isoleucine antagonist and (b)
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recvovering the accumulated L-threonine from the culture

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broth.
Abstract (Equivalent): US 5264353 A
           Fermentation prodn. of L-Thr comprises culturing Providencia
      rettgeri (FERM BP-1135), (FERM BP-1137) or (FERM BP-1138) in aq.
      nutrient contg. O, N and minerals, then recovering the accumulated
      L-Thr from the broth. Similarly Eccherichia coli (FERM BP-1136 (M-5))
     may be used.
            ADVANTAGE - These organisms, having resistance to i-Leu
      antagonist, prod. L-Thr in high yield.
           Dwg. 0/0
Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E16
International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/08
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-015/00;
   C12R-001/01; C12R-001/18; C12P-013/08; C12R-001-19
?SS PN=JP 50031093
    S5
S5/7/ALL
                  1 PN=JP 50031093
 5/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
001406631
WPI Acc No: 1975-56338W/197534
  L-Threonine and L-lysine prodn - from mutant of brevibacterium species
Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
                  Kind
                          Date
                                     Applicat No
                                                         Kind
                                                                             Week
                                                                  Date
JP 50031093
                   Α...
                        19750327
                                                                            197534 B
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 7384340 A 19730726
Abstract (Basic): JP 50031093 A
          L-Threonine (I) and L-Tysine (II) were produced from a mutant of
     Brevibacterium which is resistant to S-(2-amino-ethyl)-L-cysteine and
     alpha-amino-beta-hydroxyvaleric acid and requires L-leucine. In an example, B.lactofermentum (FERM-P 2150) was cultured in a medium (pH 7.2) contg. glucose 10, KH2PO4 0.1, MgSO4.7H2O 0.1, and (NH4)2SO4 3%, plus biotin 100, and vitamin B; HCl 300 mu g/l., Mieki (protein hyrolysate) 1.5 ml./dl., L-leucine 30 and L-isoleucine 25 mg./dl., and 2 p.p.m. of Fe2+ and Mn2+ at 31.5 degrees for 48 hrs. Yields of (I) and
     (II) were 1.86g. and 1.65 g., resp. The culture supernatant was passed through a column of Amberlite IRC-50 to adsorb (II). The eluate was passed through a column of Diaion SK-1B (NH4+) at pH 2.0 to adsorb (I).
     (I) and (II) were eluated with 1 N NH4OH and crystallised yielding
11.3g. and 12.5g. from 1 1. culture broth, resp. Derwent Class: B05; D16; E16
?SS PN=JP 63273487
                   1 PN=JP 63273487
       S6
?T S6/7/ALL
 6/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
007268249
WPI Acc No: 1987-265256/198738
  High yield prodn. of L-threonine - comprises culturing escherichia coli
  mutant strain esp. ferm BP-985 etc.
Patent Assignee: KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO CO LTD (KYOW ); KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK
  (KYOW )
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Inventor: FURUKAWA S; KOTANI Y; NAKANISHI T; OZAKI A; SUGIMOTO M
Number of Countries: 003 Number of Patents: 006
Patent Family:
Patent No
                Kind
                        Date
                                  Applicat No
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                                                           Date
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EP 237819
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                      19870923
                                 FP 87102313
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JP 63273487
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<u>US 5017483</u>
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EP 237819
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                 B1_
                      19931229
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                                                                    199401
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                                  EP 87102313
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                                 JP 8733693
JP 2574786
                 B2
                     19970122
                                                    Α
                                                         19870217
                                                                    199708
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 86303138 A 19861219; JP 8636164 A
  19860220; JP 8636165 A 19860220; JP 86162569 A 19860710
Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; A3...8827; FR 1484846; FR 1580549; GB 1342308; GB
  2072185; JP 56010037; No-SR.Pub; ÚS 3494830
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                            Main IPC
                                           Filing Notes
EP 237819
                Α
                   Ε
EP 237819
                B1 E
                        7 C12P-013/08
                G
                          C12P-013/08
DE 3788583
                                           Based on patent EP 237819
                B2
JP 2574786
                        5 C12P-013/08
                                           Previous Publ. patent JP 63273487
Abstract (Basic): EP 237819 A
Prodn. of L-threonine (I) comprises culturing in a nutrient medium
    an Escherichia strain capable of producing (I) and having resistance to
    rifampicin, lysine, methione, aspartic acid or homoserine, or a decreased ability to degrade (I); then recovering (I) from the medium.

Biologically pure culture of Escherichia coli FERM BP-985, -1094, -1095, -1236, -1237 or -984 having the ability to produce (I) is new.

The E coli strains are pref. obtd. by mutating (I)-producing
    strains, then culturing the mutants in a minimal medium contg. over 20
    micrograms/ml rifampicin and recovering the mutants. Similar procedures
    may be used with media contg. 10 g/l lysine, methionine, aspartic acid
    or homoserine.
         USE/ADVANTAGE - (I) is obtd. in high yield and economically by
    using the Escherichia strains.
Abstract (Equivalent): EP 237819 B
         A process for producing L-threonine which comprises culturing in a
    medium a microorganism of the genus Escherichia capable of producing
    L-threonine which has resistance to at least one of lysine, methionine,
    aspartic acid and homoserine, accumulating L-threonine in the culture
    liquor, and recovering L-threonine therefrom, wherein said
    microorganism is Escherichia coli H-4435 (FERM BP-1094), H-4436 (FERM
    BP-1095), H-4425 (FERM BP-1236) or H-4226 (FERM BP-1237).
         Dwg.\dot{0}/1
Abstract (Equivalent): US 5017483 A
         L-threonine (LT) is produced by culturing in a medium E coli
    H-4,258, H-4,435, H-4,436, H-4,225, H-4,226, or H-4,257 and B)
    accumulating LT in the culture liquor and recovering the LT. Culturing is pref carried out at 20-40 deg C for 2-7 days.
         ADVANTAGE - High yields of LT are obtd from microorganism of genus
    Escherichia having resistance to rifampicin, lysine, methionine,
    aspartic acid and/or homoserine or a decreased ability to degrade LT.
    (4pp)
Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E16
International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/08
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-015/00;
  C12R-001/18; C12R-001-19; C12P-013/08; C12R-001-185
?SS PN=JP 77048195
                    PN=JP 77048195
      S7
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?T S7/7/ALL
   7/7/1
  DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
  (c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
  001794588
 WPI Acc No: 1977-15554Y/197709
    LThreonine prepn. by fermentation - using a mutant of the genus Cerachia
    (e.g. Cerachia marcessence)
  Patent Assignee: TANABE PHARM CO LTD (TANA )
 Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002
 Patent Family:
 Patent No
                 Kind
                                  Applicat No
                         Date
                                                    Kind
                                                                      Week
                                                           Date
  JP 52007488
                  A 19770120
                                                                     197709 B
JP 77048195
                  В
                       19771208
                                                                     197802
 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 7583052 A 19750704
 Abstract (Basic): JP 52007488 Λ
Mutation is induced on an original of the Genus Cerachia (e.G,
      Cerachia marcessence) by, for example, irradiating with UV or treating
      with a mutation-inducing agent (e.g., N-methyl-N'-nitro-N-nitrosoquanidine, ethyl methanesulphonate, etc).
      The mutant is cultivated in a plate culture modified to contain
      L-threonine as a main carbon or nitrogen source and traces of yeast extract at 30 degrees C for 3-5 days. Mutant obtd. lacks L-threonine
      dehydrogenase.
          Mutation is continued further in the same manner and the resulting
      mutant is cultivated in a plate culture contg. 5-20 mg/ml of an
     L-threonine antimetabolite, (e.g., beta--hydroxynorvaline, threonine hydroxamate, etc.) at 30 degrees C for 2-3 days to obtain a mutant
     which lacks L-threonine dehydrogenase having resistance to L-threonine
      antimetabolite. The thus obtd. mutant is cultivated and the produced
      L-threonine is recovered.
 Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E16
International Patent Class (Additional): C12D-013/06
 ?SS PN=JP 4330275
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?T_S8/7/ALL
                  1 PN=JP 4330275
  8/7/1
 DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
 (c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
 009310028
 WPI Acc No: 1993-003491/199301
   Culture of aminoacid-producing bacterium - has bacterial strain grown in
   medium contg. aminoacid by using the strain
 Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJĪN )
 Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family:
                Kind
 Patent No
                                  Applicat No
                         Date
                                                   Kind
                                                           Date
JP 4330275
                 A 19921118 JP 91193749
                                                   A 19910430 199301 B
 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 91193749 A 19910430
 Patent Details:
 Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC
                                          Filing Notes
 JP 4330275
              Α
                     10 C12N-001/20
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A method for growing an amino acid (I)-producing bacterium which

Abstract (Basic): JP 4330275 A

has a mutation of an aminoacyl t-RNA synthase gene to the (I) is claimed. The method comprises having an mutation requiring the addn of the amino acid (I) to the medium being added in an amount higher than that required by the mutant in which the biosynthetic path of (I) is interrupted for the growth. A metabolism-controlling mutation of the biosynthesis of (I), and a valine (II)-producing strain is prepd. by the above method. The mutant is E. coli. The prepn. of L-isoleucine (III) in which the above mutant is cultured is a nutrition liquid medium and (III) is recovered from the medium.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The method can prepare a mutant producing valine (II) and L-isoleucine (III) in higher yields than the conventional

method.

In an example, E coli K12 W3350 is treated with N-methyl-N'-nitro-N-nitrosoguanidine and cultured at 37degC for 24 hrs. in the presence of 10 mg/ml (III). The cell is washed and suspended in a minimum medium contg. 0.2% glucose and incubated at 37degC. Penicillin G is added to 2000 units/ml when the cell is grown to twice amount and incubated at 37degC for 3 hrs. and the cell is washed and spread in a minimum agar medium contg. 0.2% glucose and 10 mg/ml (III) and then the (III)-requiring mutant which can grow in a medium contg. (III) in a high concn. is collected. Thus, three strains, IleS2, IleS17 and IleS32 are isolated respectively. A highly (II)-requiring mutant is also prepd. by E coli VL1502.

Dwg.0/0

Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E19

International Patent Class (Main): C12N-001/20

International Patent Class (Additional): C12P-013/04; C12P-013/06;

C12P-013/08; C12N-001/20; C12R-001-19

?SS PN=JP 4112795

S9 1 PN=JP 4112795

?T \$9/7/ALL

9/7/1

DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI

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008946343

WPI Acc No: 1992-073612/199210

Microbial prodn. of L-tryptophan - using corynebacterium or brevibacterium which are resistant to aminoquinoline deriv. or phenothiazine deriv.

Patent Assignee: KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK (KYOW ); KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO CO LTD

Inventor: FURUKAWA K; KINO K; KURATSU Y; TOMIYOSHI Y; KORATSU Y Number of Countries: 008 Number of Patents: 011

Patent Family:

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Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
EP 473094	Α	19920304	EP 91114271	Α	19910826	199210	В
JP 411279	5 A	19920414	JP 90228715	Α	19900830	199221	
CA 204986	3 A	19920301	CA 2049863	Α	19910826	199224	
HU 61600	T	19930128	HU 912820	A	19910829	199309	
EP 473094	A3	19920708	EP 91114271	Α	19910826	199334	
US 527594	A C	19940104	US 91748559	A	19910822	199402	
EP 473094	B1	19950621	EP 91114271	A	19910826	199529	
DE 691105	80 E	19950727	DE 610580	Α	19910826	199535	
			EP 91114271	Α	19910826		
CA 204986	3 C	19970114	CA 2049863	A	19910826	199714	
HU 214909	В	19980728	HU 912820	Α	19910829	199842	
JP 302361	5 B2	20000321	JP 90228715	Α	19900830	200019	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 90228715 A 19900830 Cited Patents: NoSR.Pub; 1.Jnl.Ref; EP 128637; JP 56092796

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Patent Details:
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EP 473094
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 JP 3023615
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US 5275940
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               B1 E
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                      7 C12P-013/22
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT 69110580 E C12P-013/22 Based or
DE 69110580
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HU 214909
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CA 2049863
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                         C12N-001/20
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                         C12P-013/22
CA 2049863
                         C12N-001/20
Abstract (Basic): EP 473094 A
         A process for producing L-tryptophan is claimed which comprises
    culturing in a medium a microorganism belonging to the genus
    Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium and having resistance to an
    aminoquinoline deriv.. (I) or a phenothiazine deriv. (II) and the
    ability to produce L-tryptophan, until L-tryptophan is accumulated in
    the culture, and recovering L-tryptophan. (I) may be eg. chloroquine,
    amodiaquine, primaquine or pentaquine. (II) may be eg. phenothiazine,
    promazine, chlorpromazine, promethazine.
          Also claimed are biologically pure cultures of Corynebacterium
    glutamicum H-7853 (FERM BP-3055). H-7854 (FERM BP-3056) and H-8014
    (FERM BP-3057).
         USE/ADVANTAGE - The process can be used by produce L-tryptophan in
    high yields at low cost. The tryptophan can be used as a medicament,
food or an additive for animal feed.

Abstract (Equivalent): EP 473094 B

A process for producing L-tryptophan which comprises culturing in a
    medium a microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium or
    Brevibacterium and having resistance to an amino-quinoline derivative
    or a phenothiazine derivative and an ability to produce L-tryptophan
    until L-tryptophan is accumulated in the culture, and recovering
    L-tryptophan therefrom.
        Dwg.0/0
Abstract (Equivalent): US 5275940 A
         L-tryptophan is produced by culturing a species of Coryne-bacterium
    glutamicum in a nutrient medium until it accumulates, and recovering
    it. Species comprises C.glutamicum FERM BP-3055 having resistance to
    primaquine, C.glutamicum FERM BP-3056 having resistance to chloroquine,
    or C.glutamicum FERM BP-3057 having resistance to promazine.
         USE - As a medicament or food, or additive for animal feed.
        Dwg.0/0
Derwent Class: B02; C02; D13; D16; E13
International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/22
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12R-001/15;
  C12R-001-15; C12P-013/22
?SS PN=JP 58000893
              1 PN=JP 58000893
     $10
?T S10/7/ALL
 10/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
003655205
WPI Acc No: 1983-15185K/198307
  Isoleucine high yield prodn. - by aerobic cultivation of Brevibacterium
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or Corynebacterium strain obtd. by recombinant DNA method
Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN
Inventor: MIWA K; NAKAMORI S; TSUCHIDA T
Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 004
Patent Family:
Patent No
               Kind
                      Date
                               Applicat No
                                               Kind
                                                      Date
                                                                Week
EP 71023
                                                               198307
                Α
                    19830209
JP 58000893
                    19830106
                                                               198307
                À
US 4442208
                               US 82392145
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                Α
                   19840410
                                                Α
                                                    19820625
JP 91053913
                В
                    19910816
                               JP 8198699
                                                Α
                                                    19810625
                                                              199137
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 8198699 A 19810625
Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; EP 39743; FR 2078671; JP 50101582; JP 54035287;
  No-SR.Pub; US 4278765
Patent Details:
                                       Filing Notes
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                          Main IPC
EP 71023
             A E 20
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
Abstract (Basic): EP 71023 A
        Prodn. of L-isoleucine (I) comprises aerobic cultivation of a
    transformed microorganism strain resistant to alpha-amino
    -beta-hydroxyvaleric acid (II) in an aq. culture medium, and the (I) is
    subsequently recovered. The strain is obtd. by incorporation into a
    recipient strain of the genus Brevibacterium or Corynebacterium
    (sensitive to (II)) of a plasmid DNA obtd. from a Brevibacterium or
    Corynebacterium strain into which there has been inserted a fragment of
    chromosomal DNA derived from a DNA-donor strain of a similar bacterial
    strain resistant to (II).
        Construction of a (I)-producing strain of bacterium by genetic
    transformation comprises (a) sepn. of a plasmid DNA from a
    Brevibacterium or Corynebacterium strain; (b) insertion into the
    plasmid DNA of chromosomal DNA from the (I)-resistant DNA-donor strain;
    (c) incorporation of the resulting recombinant plasmid into a recipient
    (I)-sensitive strain of the bacteria; and (d) isolation of a
    transformed strain resistant to (I).
        The (I) can be obtd. in high yields, in contrast to the results
    with prior microorganisms on fermentation. Although plasmids in
    Brevibacterium and Corvnebacterium strains are known (EP 30391), they
    did not have characteristics useful as a marker.
Derwent Class: B05; D16; E16
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-015/00; C12P-013/06; C12R-001/13
?SS PN=JP 60012995
     S11
               1 PN=JP 60012995
?T S11/7/ALL
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
004192823
WPI Acc No: 1985-019703/198504
  High yield prodn. of 1-isoleucine and 1-threonine - by cultivation of
  coryneform bacteria transformed with DNA fragment
Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN
Inventor: ISHIDA M; ITO K; MIWA K; NAKAMORI S; SANO K; TAKAJI H
Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 006
Patent Family:
Patent No
              Kind
                      Date
                              Applicat No
                                              Kind
                                                     Date
                                                               Week
                    19850116 EP 84106817
                                                   19840614
EP 131171
                                                              198504
               Α
                                               Α
JP 60012995
                    19850123 JP 84113217
               Α
                                               Α
                                                              198510
                                                   19840604
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US 4601983
                       19860722 US 83504471 A 19830615
                                                                      198632
                   B
                        19871021
 EP 131171
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 DE 3466894
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                       19871126
                                                                       198748
 JP 93047196
                       19930716
                                   JP 84113217
                                                           19840604
                                                                      199331
                   В
 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 83504471 A 19830615
 Cited Patents: EP 66129: EP 71023: EP 93611
 Patent Details:
 Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                              Main IPC
                                            Filing Notes
 EP 131171
                 A E 40
    Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT
                 BE
    Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT
 JP 93047196
                        14 C12P-013/06
                                           Based on patent JP 60012995
                 В
Abstract (Basic): EP 131171 A
          DNA fragment contg. a genetic sequence comprising information
      coding for the prodn. of a protein having the activity of homoserine
      dehydrogenase (HD) is new. It has a molecular wt. of 2.24 million
      daltons and 2 Pst I sites dividing the sequence into 3 fragments of
     molecular wts. 0.7, 0.44 and 1.1 million daltons.
          Vehicle capable of replication in Coryneform bacteria and contg.
     information coding for HD is new. Coryneform bacterial host contg. a vehicle as defined above is new. Coryneform bacteria deposited as FERM BP-269, 270 and 271 and NRRL B-15348 are new. Prodn. of L-isoleucine or
     L-threonine comprises cultivation of a bacterium as defined in
     paragraph (4) above in a nutrient medium.
          The Coryneform transformants on cultivation produce L-isoleucine
      and L-threonine in higher yields than can be obtd. with known mutants.
          0/8
Abstract (Equivalent): EP 131171 B

A DNA fragment containing a genetic sequence comprising information
     coding for the production of a protein having the activity of
     homoserine dehydrogenase, having a molecular weight of 2.24 Md and two Pst I sites dividing said sequence into three regions of 0.7, 0.44 and
1.10 Md, respectively. (18pp)

Abstract (Equivalent): US 4601983 A

L-Isoleucine (I) is produced by (a) culturing, in an appropriate
     medium, a bacterium comprising a Coryneform host contg. a vehicle
     capable of replication in a Coryneform bacterium contg. genetic
     information coding for the prodn. of a protein having the activity of
     homoserine dehydrogenase, the host being resistant to
     alpha-amino-beta-hydroxyvaleric acid; and (b) recovering (I) from the
     medium. The Coryneform bacterium is selected from FERM BP-270 and FERM
     BP-271.
          ADVANTAGE - (I) is produced by an improved and efficient
      fermentation method. (12pp)d
Derwent Class: B05; D16; È16
International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/06
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-015/60; C12P-013/08; C12R-001/13; C12P-013/06; C12R-001-13; C12R-001-15 ?SS PN=JP 60210994
_____S12
?T_S12/7/ALL
                 1 PN=JP 60210994
 12/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
004479245
WPI Acc No: 1985-306123/198549
   Histidine prodn. in high yield - includes transforming host strain of
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Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium species
Patent Assignee: KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK (KYOW
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No.
               Kind
                       Date
                               Applicat No.
                                               Kind
                                                       Date
                                                                Week
JP 60210994
                                                                198549 B
               Α
                    19851023
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 8468669 A 19840406
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                           Main IPC
                                       Filing Notes
JP 60210994
               Α
Abstract (Basic): JP 60210994 A
        Host strain selected from Corynebacterium sp. and Brevibacterium
    sp. is transformed with a transformant DNA comprising (i) a DNA
    fragment contg. a histidine formation-relating gene and (ii) a vector
    DNA, to obtain a recombinant strain, and recombinant strain is cultured
    in a medium and the formed histidine is isolated.
        Pref. DNA fragment (i) is derived from eukaryote, prokaryote,
    virus, bacteriophage or plasmid. Prokaryote is pref. bacteria. Pref.
    bacteria is of 1,2,4-triazole-3-alanine resistant Corynebacterium
    glutamicum.
        USE/ADVANTAGE - Yield of histidine is high, using
    histidine-producing recombinant strain.
Derwent Class: BO3; D16; E13
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-015/00; C12P-013/24
?SS PN=JP 60030693
                1 PN=JP 60030693
?T S13/7/ALL
 13/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
004079901
WPI Acc No: 1984-225442/198436
  Amino acid prepn. - involves culturing transformed strain produced by
  corvnebacterium or brevibacterium microorganisms
Patent Assignee: KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO CO LTD (KYOW ); KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK
Inventor: HARA M; KATSUMATA R; MIZUKAMI T; OKA T; OZAKI A; YOKOI H Number of Countries: 022 Number of Patents: 056
Patent Family:
Patent No
WO 8403301
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                               Applicat No
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                    19840830
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  136359
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JP 60066989
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198724

CA 1221928

Α

19870519

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US 4775623
EP 332233
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EP 332234
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EP 334391
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EP 336452
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                  A
US 4874698
                                  US 8773888
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                      <u> 19891017</u>
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IT 1179031
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IL 72508
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EP
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DE 3484378
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JP 95032711
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                      19950412
                                  JP 83138775
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                                                                     199519
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 83176758 A 19830924; JP 8325397 A 19830217; JP 8325398 A 19830217; JP 8394392 A 19830528; JP 83138775 A 19830729; JP 83142804 A 19830804; EP 84900870 A 19840216; EP 89108164 A
  19840216; EP 89108165 A 19840216
Cited Patents: EP 66129; EP 71023; EP 82485; EP 88166; EP 93611; FR 2482622; GB 2076853; JP 56148295; JP 56148296; JP 57005693; JP 57186492; JP
  57186496; SSR870422; FR 2484448; JP 81148295; JP 81148296; JP 82005693;
  JP 82186492; JP 82186496
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                             Main IPC
                                           Filing Notes
WO 8403301
                A J 75
   Designated States (National): AU
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB NL SE
EP 136359
                A E
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB LI NL SE
EP 332233
                A E 14
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB LI NL SE
EP 332234
                A E 15
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB LI NL SE
EP 334391
                A E
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB LI NL SE
EP 336452
                A E
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB LI NL SE
   136359
                В
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB LI NL SE
                                           Based on patent JP 60066989
JP 93023750
                        9 C12P-013/10
                В
                B2
                                           Based on patent JP 60030693
                        9 C12N-015/09
JP 95032711
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198735

Abstract (Basic): WO 8403301 A

CA 1225051

19870804

Amino acid ppn. involves (1) culturing Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium microorganisms into which recombinant DNA comprising vector DNA and DNA fragments contg. enzyme genes that contribute to amino acid biosynthesis have been introduced; and (2) growing,

accumulation and recovery of amino acid in the culture soln.

The DNA fragments are pref. produced from a prokaryote, eucaryote, virus, bacteriphage or plasma. The prokaryote is, e.g., a gene from Eschericia, Corynebacterium, Brevibacterium, Microbacterium, Bacillus, Streptococcus or Serratia bacteria pref. resistant to 1,2,4-triazole-3-alanine, 4-methyl tryptophan, 5-methyl tryptophan, 6-methyl tryptophan and parafluorophenyl alanine. The DNA fragment pref. contains anthranilic acid synthesis enzyme, 3-deoxy-2-keto-D-arabino-heptulosonate-7-phosphate synthesis enzyme, prephanic acid dehydrase, prephanate dehydrogenase or prethyrosin amino transferase genes.

Abstract (Equivalent): EP 136359 B

(+17.2.83, 28.5.83, 29.7.83, 4.8.83-JP-025398, 094392, 138775, 142804) A process for producing L-histidine which comprises culturing in a medium a microorganism obtained by transforming a host microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium with a recombinant DNA wherein a DNA fragment containing a gene involved in the biosynthesis of L-histidine and conferring a resistance to the histidine analogue 1,2,4-triazole-3-alanine is inserted into a vector DNA, accumulating L-histidine in the culture and recovering L-histidine therefrom.

EP 334391 B

A process for producing L-isoleucine which comprises culturing in a medium a microorganism obtainable by transforming a host microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium with a recombinant vector comprising a DNA fragment containing the threonine operon of Escherichia coli, accumulating L-isoleucine in the culture medium and recovering L-isoleucine therefrom.

Dwg.0/2 EP 332234 B

A process for producing L-tyrosine which comprises culturing in a medium a microorganism obtainable by transforming a host microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium with a recombinant DNA wherein a DNA fragment containing a gene coding for 3-deoxy-2-keto-D-arabino -heptulosonate-7-phosphate synthetase, chorismate mutase and prephenate dehydrogenase is inserted into a vector DNA, accumulating L-tyrosine in the culture and recovering L-tyrosine therefrom.

Dwg.0/2 EP 336452 B

A process for producing L-phenylalanine which comprises culturing a microorganism obtained by transforming a hoot microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium with a recombinant DNA wherein a DNA fragment containing the gene coding for chorismate mutase and prephenate dehydratase is inserted into a vector DNA, accumulating L-phenylalanine in the culture and recovering L-phenylalanine therefrom.

Dwg.0/0 <u>EP 332233 B</u>

A process for producing L-arginine which comprises culturing in a medium a microorganism obtained by transforming a host microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium with a recombinant DNA wherein a DNA fragment containing the genes coding for acetylornithine deacetylase, N-acetylglutamate-gamma- semialdehyde dehydrogenase, N-acetylglutamokinase and argininosuccinase which are isolated from Escherichia coli, is inserted into a vector DNA, accumulating L-arginine in the culture and recovering L-arginine therefrom.

Dwg.0/1 Abstract (Equivalent): US 4927758 A

Prodn. of histidine comprises transformation of a Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium host microorganism with a vector contg. a gene

fragment from Corynebacterium glutamicum or Escherichia coli that encodes the formation of ATP-phosphoribosyltransferase; then propagation of the transformed microorganism is a suitable nutrient medium; and recovery of histidine from the medium.

USE - The process is an economical means of producing histidine on

commercial scales.

US 4908312 A Prodn. of phenylalanine comprises transforming a host microorganism (Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium strains) with recombinant DNA that contains a gene coding for chorismate mutase or prephenate dehydratase (isolated from Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium strains); propagation of the transformed microorganism in a suitable nutrient (contg. molasses as C source); and recovery of phenylalanine from the medium.

ADVANTAGE - The transformants give enhanced yields or

L-phenylalanine (e.g. 6.0 and 9.6 mg/cm3).

(6pp) US 4874698 A

Prodn. of tryptophane comprises transformation of a Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium host microorganism with a vector contg. a DNA fragment having an anthranilic acid synthetase gene, previously isolated from Corynebacterium glutamicum (ATCC 13032) or Brevibacterium flavum (ATCC 14067); propagation of the transformed microorganism in a nutrient medium contq. molasses as a carbon source; and recovery of the tryptophane from the medium.

USE - The prod. is a valuable nutrient and chemical intermediate.

(gq8) US 4775623 A

Prodn. of L-arginine comprises transformation of cells of a Corynebacterium or Brevibacterium species with recombinant DNA or its active fragments contg. a gene which encodes the biosynthesis of L-arginine and a corresp. signal sequence; propagation of the transformed cells; and isolation of the aminoacid from the culture medium.

Pref. vector contains an Esherichia coli gene which encodes the formation of N-acetylglutamokinase, an enzyme involved in L-arginine biosynthesis.

USE - The prod. is a valuable nutrient and intermediate. Derwent Class: B05; D16; E19

International Patent Class (Main): C12N-015/03; C12N-015/31; C12N-015/52;

C12P-013/10; C12P-013/22 International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-001/21; C12N-015/53; C12N-015/54; C12N-015/57; C12N-015/60; C12N-015/61; C12P-013/04; C12P-013/06; C12R-001/13; C12P-013/10; C12R-001-13; C12R-001-15; C12R-001-19; C12P-013/22

?SS PN=JP 61195695

<u>S14</u> 1 PN=JP 61195695

?T S14/7/ALL

14/7/1

DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI

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004765431

WPI Acc No: 1986-268772/198641

Prepn. of threonine or isoleucine - includes culturing corynebacterium and plasmid with recombined homoserine dehydrogenase gene

Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No. Kind Date Week <u>JP 61195695</u> 19860829 JP 8537168 19850226 198641 Α Α JP 93059710 19930831 Α JP 8537168 19850226 199337

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Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 8537168 A 19850226
 Patent Details:
 Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                          Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
 JP 61195695
              Α
 JP 93059710
               В
                      9 C12P-013/08
                                      Based on patent JP 61195695
Abstract (Basic): JP 61195695 A
         Prepn. involves culturing Coryneform bacterium having plasmid with
     recombined gene coding homoserine quinase and plasmid with recombined
     homoserine dehydrogenase gene.
         USE/ADVANTAGE - Bacterium of invention gives high productivity of
     (I) and (II). (9pp Dwg.No.0/0)
 Derwent Class: BO5; D16; E16
 International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/08
 International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-015/53; C12N-015/54;
C12P-013/06; C12P-013/08; C12R-001-13
?SS PN= JP 61271981
      S15
               1 PN= JP 61271981
?T S15/7/1
 15/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
007012536
WPI Acc No: 1987-012533/198702
  L-Histidine prodn. - using chromosome fragment obtd. from serratia
  microorganism
Patent Assignee: TANABE SEIYAKU CO (TANA )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
              Kind
                                             Kind
                      Date
                              Applicat No
                                                    Date
                                                              Week
JP 61271981
               A 19861202
                             JP 85116075
                                              Α
                                                  19850528 198702 B
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 85116075 A 19850528
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
JP 61271981 A
Abstract (Basic): JP 61271981 A
         Chromosome fragment serving L-histidine prodn. is collected from a
    microorganism having L-histidine prodn. capability and belonging to the
    Serratia gp. A hybrid plasmid incorporating the chromosome fragment
    into vector plasmid is contained in a microorganism belonging to the
    Serratia gp. to form a new microorganism. The new microorganism is
    cultured in a medium to grow and to store L-histidine in the medium.
    The L-histidine is collected from the medium.
          USE/ADVANTAGE - Method provides a new microorganism having high
    L-histidine prodn. capability. L-histidine is efficiently produced by
    using the new microorganism.
Derwent Class: B03; D16; E13
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-015/00;
  C12P-013/24; C12R-001/42
?SS PN=JP 2000458
                  PN=JP 2000458
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?T S16/7/ALL
 16/7/1
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
(c) 2000 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
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008160992

WPI Acc No: 1990-047993/199007

New recombinant DNA used for microbial l-isoleucine prodn. - obtd. by proliferating plasmid or phage contg. integrated threonine deaminase gene

Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Applicat No Kind Kind Date Date Week JP 2000458 19900<u>105</u> JP 87331374 19871225 Α Α 199007 JP 87331374 JP 2536570 B2 19960918 Α 19871225 199642

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 87331374 A 19871225; JP 87257003 A 19871012

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 2000458 A 9

JP 2536570 B2 6 C12N-001/21 Previous Publ. patent JP 2000458

Abstract (Basic): JP 2000458 A

In the prepn. a plasmid or phage (1) contg. integrated threonine deaminase gene is integrated and proliferated autonomously. A microbe (2) retaining the plasmid or phage (1) is claimed. A microbe (3) where pref. the E.coli threonine deaminase gene on plasmid is transferred to chromosome. The microbe strain of (2) is cultured, from the cultured soln., L-isoleucine is isolated. The microbe of (2) is cultured in threonine contg. medium, from the cultured soln., L-isoleucine is isolated.

The threonine deaminase gene is pref. derived from E.coli and is wild type gene. Threonine deaminase is pref. mutation gene and feedback inhibition is opened. The threonine deaminase gene is pref. under control of an original or another gene's promoter. The threonine deaminase gene is under control of original or other gene's tetracycline resistant gene's promoter. The microbe is pref. E.coli that can produce threonine, and it's repression of biosynthetic system of isoleucine and valine are opened. The microbe is pref. e.g. Coryneform glutamic acid producing bacteria. The microbe is esp. pref. Corynebacterium glutamicum. In (3), microbe is E.coli. Microbe retains plasmid or phage for raising producibility of L-threonine. Plasmid accompanies threonine operon of E.coli. Plasmid of (12) can coexist with plasmid of (1).

USE/ADVANTAGE - By using the DNA recombinant technique the producibility of L-isoleucine is increased. It has possible industrial applications.

Dwg.0/0

Derwent Class: B04; B05; D16; E16

International Patent Class (Main): C12N-001/21

International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-015/09; C12N-015/60; C12P-013/06; C12P-013/08; C12R-001/13; C12N-001/21; C12R-001-13; C12R-001-19

?SS PN=JP 2042988

?T S17/7/ALL

17/7/1

DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI

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008181590

WPI Acc No: 1990-068591/199010

Recombinant plasmid or phage contg. aceto-hydroxy acid synthase gene - used to transform microorganisms for improved prodn. of l-valine,

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1-leucine or 1-isoleucine
Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO CO INC (AJIN ); AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN )
Inventor: ENEI H; HASHIGUCHI K; SATO K; YOSHINO E
Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005
Patent Family:
Patent No.
               Kind
                       Date
                               Applicat No.
                                                Kind
                                                       Date
                                                                 Week
FP 356739
                                                                199010
                Α
                     19900307
JP 2042988
                               JP 88194031
                                                     19880803
                     19900213
                                                 Α
                                                                199012
EP 356739
                B1
                     19951213
                               EP 89114207
                                                 Α
                                                     19890801
                                                                199603
DE 68925083
                               DE 625083
                     19960125
                                                 Α
                                                     19890801
                                                                199609
                               EP 89114207
                                                 Α
                                                     19890801
                               JP 88194031
JP 2748418
                B2
                    19980506
                                                 Α
                                                     19880803
                                                               199823
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 88194031 A 19880803
Cited Patents: 3.Jnl.Ref; EP 179338; EP 183175; EP 190921; EP 233581; WO
  8702984
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                           Main IPC
                                        Filing Notes
EP 356739
               A E 11
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR NL
               B1 E 13 C12N-015/52
   356739
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR NL
                         C12N-015/52
DE 68925083
                                        Based on patent EP 356739
               Ε
JP 2748418
               B2
                       6 C12N-015/09
                                        Previous Publ. patent JP 2042988
Abstract (Basic): EP 356739 A
        Plasmid or phage capable of autonomic multiplication and contq. the
    gene for acetohydroxy acid synthase (AHAS) is new. Also new are: (A)
    microorganism carrying the plasmid or phage; (B) microorganism with the
    AHAS gene; in the plasmid transferred to the chromosome; (C)
    recombinant DNA contg. the AHAS gene; and (D) prodn. of L-Val, L-Leu,
    or L-Ile by growing the microorganism and recovering the aminoacid from
    the culture medium.
        USE/ADVANTAGE - Transformed microorganisms give improved prodns. of
    L-Val, L-Leu and L-Ile. AHAS is the key enzyme common to the
    biosynthesis of each aminoacid but is normally subject to inhibition by
    the end prods. Use of AHAS mutants releases the enzyme from this
    negative feedback, and the no. genes coding for AHAS is increased in
    each genome.
        0/1
Abstract (Equivalent): EP 356739 B
        A plasmid or phage capable of autonomic multiplication having the
    gene for acetohydroxy acid synthetase derived from a microorganism
    belonging to the genus Brevibacterium, incorporated therein.
        Dwg. 0/1
Derwent Class: B05; D16; E16
International Patent Class (Main): C12N-015/09; C12N-015/52
International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-001/21;
C12N-007/01; C12N-015/77; C12P-013/06; C12P-013/08; C12R-001/13;
C12N-015/52; C12R-001-13; C12R-001-15
?SS PN=JP 89042676
S18
?T S18/7/1
                1 PN=JP 89042676
DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI
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003157245
WPI Acc No: 1981-17786D/198111
  Fermentative prodn. of L-histidine - by incorporating a plasmid hybrid
  into a recipient strain of Escherichia
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Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN )

Inventor: SANO K; TSUCHIDA T Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 007

Patent Family:

i accinc i aiii i y	•						
Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
GB 2055805	A	19810311				198111	В
JP 56005099	Α	19810120	JP 7979851	А	19790625	198111	
FR 2459832	A	19810220				198115	
DE 3023850	Α	19810416				198117	
GB 2055805	В	19830309				198310	
US 4388405	<u>A</u>	19830614				198326	
JP 89042676	В	19890913				198940	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 7979851 A 19790625

Abstract (Basic): GB 2055805 A

The hybrid plasmid is inserted with a DNA acid fragment possessing genetic information relating to L-histidine prodn. and obtd. from a mutant of Escherichia resistant to a histidine analogue.

Higher yields of L-histidine are obtd. and the product has tewer other aminoacid contaminants.

Derwent Class: BO3; D16; E13

International Patent Class (Additional): CO7D-233/64; C12N-001/20;

C12N-015/00; C12P-013/24; C12R-001/18

?SS PN=JP 93011960

S19 1 PN=JP 93011960

?T S19/7/ALL

19/7/1

DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI

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003705027

WPI Acc No: 1983-701209/198327

L-Histidine producing Bacillus strain - which incorporates recombinant plasmid DNA contg. fragment controlling resistance to histidine

Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN )

Inventor: ENEI H; KAWASHIMA N; KURASHASHI O; NAKAMORI S; TSUCHIDA T

Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Patent No EP 82637	Kind A	Date 19830629	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week 198327	В
JP 58107192	Α	19830625				198331	
US 4504581	Α	19850312	US 82448792	Α	19821210	198513	
JP 93011960	В	19930216	JP 81204577	Α	19811218	199310	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 81204577 A 19811218

Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; GB 2055805; No-SR.Pub

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 82637 A E 13

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

4 C12P-013/24 Based on patent JP 58107192 JP 93011960 В

Abstract (Basic): EP 82637 A

L-histidine (I)-producing microorganism is the prod. of incorporating into a recipient strain of Bacillus a recombinant plasmid DNA contg. a DNA fragment controlling resistance to a (I)-antagonist and obtd. from chromosomal DNA or a mutant of Bacillus resistant to the (I(-antagonist.

Pref. the mutant and/or recipient strain is/are of the species

Bacillus subtilis; the (I)-antagonist is 1,2,4-triazolealanine and the recipient strain is resistant to the (I)-antagonist and required (I)

for growth.

(I)-producing microorganism is the prod. of incorporating a first recombinant plasmid into a first recipient strain of Bacillus the first recombinant plasmid contg. a DNA fragment controlling resistance to a (I)-antagonist and obtd. from a transformant of Bacillus, which transformant has been constructed by incorporating a second hybrid plasmid into a second recipient strain of Bacillus, the second recombinant plasmid controlling resistance to a (I)-antagonist and obtd. from a mutant of Bacillus resistant to the (I)-antagonist. The second recipient strain of Bacillus is a (I)-requiring strain and the first recipient strain of Bacillus is resistant to a (I)-antagonist. The recombined plasmid-contg. microorganisms can be used in the efficient prodn. of (I) when cultured aerobically.

Abstract (Equivalent): US 4504581 A

Prodn. of L-histidine by fermentation comprises (a) aerobically culturing an L-histidine-producing microorganism constructed by incorporating a recombinant plasmid DNA inserted on a DNA fragment which controls resistance to a histidine antagonist into a recipient strain of Bacillus and (b) recovering the L-histidine accumulated in the culture medium. The fragment is obtd. from the chromosomal DNA of a mutant Bacillus which is resistant to the histidine antagonist.

Pref. both mutant and recipient belong to Bacillus subtilis. Pref. the recipient is Bacillus subtilis AJ11732 and the donor is Bacillus

subtilis AJ11733. (4pp) Derwent Class: BO3; D16; E13

International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/24

International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-015/31;

C12R-001/12; C12P-013/24; C12R-001-125

?SS PN=JP 93026467

S20 1 PN=JP 93026467

?T S20/7/1

20/7/1

DIALOG(R)File 352:Derwent WPI

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004298326

WPI Acc No: 1985-125204/198521

Recombinant DNA - contained in bacteria for L-histidine prepn.

Patent Assignee: AJINOMOTO KK (AJIN

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Applicat No. Date Kind Date Week JP 60062983 19850411 JP 83170006 19830914 Α Α 198521 JP 93026467  $\overline{\mathsf{B}}$ 19930416 JP 83170006 19830914 Α 199318

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 83170006 A 19830914

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 60062983 A

JP 93026467 B 9 C12P-013/24 Based on patent JP 60062983

Abstract (Basic): JP 60062983 A

Recombinant DNA with gene coding histidinolphosphatase and plasmid vector can be grown intracellular or corynebacterium bacteria. The bacteria has the recombinant DNA in the cell, and L-histidine is made by culturing the bacteria.

Typically, in the prepn. of chromosome DNA contg. HP gene, Brevibacterium lactofermentum AJ12036 is shake cultured on CMG medium, bacteriolyses by lysozyme SDS. For insertation of chromosome DNA

fragment into vector, chromosome DNA and plasmid DNA are separately treated with restriction endonuclease PstI. Ligation of DNA chain is performed with DNA ligase originated T4 phage, in presence of ATP and DTT. For cloning of HP gene, Brevibacterium lactofermentum AJ12074 which is defective HP gene is used as acceptor bacteria. Derwent Class: B04; D16 International Patent Class (Main): C12P-013/24 International Patent Class (Additional): C12N-001/20; C12N-001/21; C12N-015/55; C12R-001/13; C12P-013/24; C12R-001-13 ?LOGOFF 03oct00 03:20:52 User371740 Session D2251.2 \$66.34 2.448 DialUnits File352 \$6.66 2 Type(s) in Format 2 \$70.38 17 Type(s) in Format 7 \$77.04 19 Types \$143.38 Estimated cost File352 0.416 Hrs. KMKNET2

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\$143.38 Estimated cost this search \$143.38 Estimated total session cost Logoff: level 00.07.20 D 03:20:52

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